# THE FOURTH ABROAD.

BABANA AS NOISY AS NEW YORK OR CHICAGO.

A BANQUET IN TACON THEATRE.

General Lee Responds to "the Arm; and Navy on Foreign Service, and our Wives, Sweethearts, and Babes

HABANA, July 4.- The Prado and other streets of Habana were as noisy to-day, mbiless, as any quarter of New York, chicago, or San Francisco. Cuban younggave 300 American flags to boys and who then marched and paraded the

at the Cabanas fortress. The Eighth ed States Infantry paraded, while regimental band played national airs, General Lee, the Seventh United States Catalry paraded. The regimental band a programme of sports was car-

an 300 persons attended the banthe Tacon Theatre this evening those present were Governor-Brooke, Generals Ludlow, Chafon. Lee, and Gomez, Senor Perand most of the army officers in the neighborhood of Habana. TOAST TO M'KINLEY.

he toast to President McKinley, Chaffee, the Governor-General's staff, responded to "The United rmy," Lieutenant Lucien Your Schurman Beautiful Schurman Beauti my," Lieutenant Lucien Young United States Navy," General The Army and Navy on Foreign and Our Wives, Sweethearts, and Home," and Ernest Conant, the decorated and illuminated. itorials in the local press are devoted to the Fourth of July, exhorts the Americans "to re-

cussion congratulates the Ameriupon their happiness, and says: them not forget that Cubans possess same love of liberty that caused teconcentrado says: "We also have

Fourth, which it is not necessary to nd with the happiness of the Amer-To-day, we are really servants aves. We cannot mix in the festi-

GRATULATIONS FROM KRUGER. RETORIA, July 4.-The Fourth of July celebrated here on a large scale miral Howison and Captain with the other officers of the ed States cruiser Ghicago, partici-d. W. F. Reitz, the Transvaal Sec-ry of State, called upon C. F. Marum,

BANQUET IN PARIS. PARIS, July 4.- The banquet of the amber of Commerce, to-bration of the Fourth, was and successful affair.

Peartree, president of the Chamber Commerce, read the following dispatch. Ich he had just received from President I heartily reciprocate your good wish-

es, and hope that our cordial relations with France may endure and become

France, Mr. Peartree, after the health of President McKinley had been drunk, proposed the health of President Loubet.

HARRISON ON PHILIPPINES. ha-President Harrison, referring to the

have incurred responsibilities in the Philippines, and we shall not fail to respond to them at any cost. We have assumed responsibilities toward a peace-able people there, toward Spain and to-ward the world. We must establish crder as a preliminary to the consideration any questions as to the ultimate desmy and disposition of the archipelago. speakers were Justice Brewer, States, and Ambassador Porter.

CELEBRATIONS IN LONDON. LONDON, July 4.-More than 400 guests

attended the banquet of the American Society in London at the Hotel Cecil this evening, and a brilliant galaxy of ladies viewed the function from the galery of the banqueting-room. As a display of patriotism and good fellowship, the was not exceeded even by the fa is banquet given last year. While the west of that occasion was stimulated the great naval victory at Santiago, festivities to-day were signalized by presence of Ambassador Choate. y were also rendered significant by

decorated with the American and ish flags, but a huge American eagle perched upon a pedestal immediately

d the chairman, or the toast to the Queen, which was osed by Mr. Earle, Rev. Dr. Henry proposed the health of President referring to him eloquently a President who rules in an unequalled almosphere of love and personal esteem."

Speeches were delivered by Ambassaate, Senator Lodge, Mark Twain,

AMBASSADORIAL RECEPTIONS. Joseph H. Choate, the United States Ambassador, and Mrs. Choate, celebrated the day with receptions, both at the United States embassy and at their resice. Each of the buildings was tastedecorated with flags and flowers representing the national colors. The greats included Sir William Collins, the cen's Master of Ceremonies; Samuel Clemens and Mrs. Clemens; Senator and Mrs. Hanna; Senator and Mrs. Henby Cabot Lodge, and United States Con-sui-General and Mrs. W. B. Osborne.

THE STARS AND STRIPES SALUTED. PLYMOUTH, ENGLAND, July 4.- The resence here to-day of the United States training-ship Monongahela was the occation of an interesting ceremony in the harbor at noon. All the British warships were decorated with flags, and the Amer-lean ensign was run up to the mastheads and saluted with twenty-one guns, to which the Monongahela responded.

#### FIREWORKS AT MANILA.

Great Celebration of the Fourth-America in Odd Tongues.

MANILA, July 4.-There was a great

their colors in conjunction with the Stars and Stripes. The flagship Baltimore fired a national salute at noch. All nationalities enjoyed what the Spanish papers termed "the fleesta of North America." Newsboys shouted Fourth of July editions and soldiers crowded the town, throwing fleeschers, on the waterthrowing firecrackers on the water-front. There were thousands of pedes-trians and hundreds of carriages on the parade to hear a concert by the Sixth Artillery Band. A band of a hundred Filipinos played American tunes. Several hundred boys and girls-Filipinos, chools, dressed in their best clothes, and 'America" in a curious mixture of dia-

Chaplain Knudsden, of the Washington

regiment, read the Declaration of Inde-

The officers of the United States cruise Saltimore gave a reception and Cance, which was attended by the foreign consuis, the officers of the foreign warships, and all the society of the army and pavy circles. Colonel Denby presided at a cel-ebration at the Soldlers' Club, where Mr. Widlams, United States Consul-General, and others delivered addresses. The officers of the Colorado regiment gave a reception at the regimental barracks, and there were several dances during the evening.

A general celebration at night was ren-

A general celebration at night was ren-dered impracticable by the law requiring the streets to be cleared at 8:30 P. M. THE SPANISH PRISONERS.

The negotiations between the Spanis fleers and Aguinaldo at Tarlac, conerning the Spanish prisoners in hands of the Filipinos, have resulted in a partial agreement. According to smothcial reports, the insurgents have prom-ised to release the sick soldiers, who number several hundred, and the civil officials, but they intend to keep the friars, expecting that the Church will

inally pay a heavy ransom.

It is reported that the civillan prison ers are being concentrated at Tariac and Aparri, as well as some of the other ports recently opened, from which they can be shipped to Manila. The Spaniards assert that the Filipinos are impressing

United States Advisory Commission for the Philippines, to Hongkong, from which point he will sail for Japan, to pay short visit there before leaving for the

Admiral Dewey, Colonel Denby, Professor Worcester, and Professor Schurman will meet in Washington during the au-tumn to compile a report of the commis-

The commission recently investigated the question of currency, and the Chinese the question of currency, and the Chinese problem, as it presents itself here. A large majority of business-men wish to continue on a silver basis. There are a few, however, who favor a gold basis or the adoption of the Japanese system.

#### FATAL FIRE IN MEMPHIS.

Prominent Firemen Injured-The Gayoso Hotel Gone-Loss, \$150,000.

MEMPHIS, TENN., July 4.-Fire broke out in the establishment of the Memphis Paper Company, at the corner of Gayoso and Front streets, late this evening, and coused the loss of one life, the fatal injury of ex-Fire-Chief Cleary, and the serious injury of James Ryan, assistant \$450,000. The Gayoso Hotel, one of the oldest landmarks of Memphis, was one of the buildings totally destroyed, and while the guests were all rescued, some of them lost valuable effects in the fire. which burned fircely for more than six

During the progress of the fire in the Plumenthal liquor plant Assistant-Chief Ryan had his leg broken by falling Ryar had his leg broken by Island stone, and was carried away. Ex-Chtef J. S. Cleary had his spine dislocated a little later, and will probably die. An urknown negro was caught under falling walls and crushed to death.

blaze originated in the Memphis and had obtained a good headway before it was discovered. In quick succession the plants of the Blumenthal and Heli-Letters were then read from M. Wal-bronn Liquor Company, and the Ameri-leck Rousseau, the French Premier, and can Biscuit Company, and the office of

It is difficult to get an accurate loss estimate. It is said, however, that they are pretty well covered by insurance Gayoso was insured for \$100,000, the build ings opposite for about \$40,000, and the of the Blumenthal and Heilbronn 600. The remainder of the burned for \$25,000. tuildings are worth from \$250,000 to

The Gayoso Hotel was established in 1842, and had been the scene of many historic events. It was the headquarters General Grant during his brief Memphis before the fight at Vicksburg General Snerman also established his headquarters there for a time, and General Hurlburt narrowly escaped capture by Forrest in the same building.

#### CASTELLANE ON DREYFUS MATTER Criticism of Prince of Monneo's Invitation to the Prisoner.

PARIS July 4.-Count Bont de Castellane, who married Miss Gould, has addressed a communication to the Prince of Monaco, sharply criticising the Prince for his recent letter to Madame Dreyfus, in-viting her and her husband to sojourn at would be subjects allotted prominent viting her and her husband to sojourn at his chateau after his acquittal, of which the Prince expressed confidence.

The Comte charges the Prince with interfering in "an affair in which you are way concerned," and says: as a sovereign, you thought you could innce French officials in the grave verlict they are about to pronounce, I beg ou to note that we do not stand on an equal footing, as none of us would con-lescend to call to account a Prince who s under tutelage. You are, perhaps, a clative of Drcyfus's by marriage, but that case, it is premature to triumph. If, on the other hand, it is as a protecto of gambling houses that you intervene, permit me to tell you that Dreyfus him-self would dispense with your services."

#### OVATION TO SCHLEY.

Reception in His Honor That 150,000 Persons Attend.

CHESTER, PA., July 4.-The Independence-Day celebration in this city was the greatest in years. The chief feature of the day was the public reception in nonor of Rear-Admiral Schley in Chester Park, in which 150,000 persons took part. The Admiral was greeted with a great

outburst of cheers when he arose to speak. His remarks were brief. He said the victory on the 3d of July a year ago in Santiago Bay added lustre to the navy and to the flog. The seography of a great part of the world was changed by that victory, and his part, however small, was sufficient for a lifetime of satisfac-

#### Fire in Hanover.

POLE GREEN, HANOVER COUNTY,
July 4—(Special.)—The barn on Oak Hill
farm was destroyed by fire last night.
The place is owned by Mr. Walter Sydnor and tenanted by Mr. Right. Loss,
about \$200. The fire is supposed to have
been of incendiary origin.

## Terribly Fatal Explosion.

with fireworks, bands, speeches, and decorations everywhere, all nationalities participating. The foreign ships and consultes, including the Spanish ones, raised suights, including the Spanish ones, raised skilled and twenty wounded.

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

tomakawk at their heads, and around her wigwam will be hung the scalps of her slain.' REGRETS FROM WHEELER.

General Joseph Wheeler regretted his absence from the celebration in the fullowing letter: "I regret very much that I cannot be

present at the anniversary of your soclety, whose existence is coequal with that of our government. When your anent society was formed we were young, struggling, and, as regarded by the world, weak nation. We now stand among the first of the Powers of the world, and we can truly say that this young nation, whose existence com-menced little more than a century ago, has exercised an influence in the cause of civilization, progress, and humanity such as has not been done by any other notion since the beginning of the history of man.

"JOSEPH WHEELER." Senator Thomas F. Grady made a stormy attack upon the Civil-Service Commission, and upon the constitutional questions set by it.

Congressman William Dajey, of New
Jersey, and Congressman Amos J. Cum-

#### THE FOURTH AT SAVANNAH.

mings were among the speakers.

Declaration Read-Cannon Fired-

The Engle Made to Scream. SAVANNAH, GA., July 4 .- The Fourth was more generally celebrated here than at any time previous since the civil war. There was a liberal display of bunting on business and private houses. The fea-ture of the day occurred at Rourke's Iron-Works, where the proprietor, John Rourke, read the Declaration of Independence three or four times to his 200 em-ployees and fired a national salute from a cannon, the cannonading being punca cannon, the cannonading being punctuated by the screams of a large American eagle, bearing the name of William McKinley. Mr. Rourke has thus regularly celebrated the day for twenty years. During the last five years his eagle has borne the name of George Washington. Two weeks ago Washington died, from the effects of a severe cold, but Mr. Rourke was able to secure a new bird in time for the occasion. At the conclusion of the celebration Mr. Rourke gave his employees a holiday. There was also a regatta by a local yacht club.

#### BRYAN AT BARNESVILLE.

The Trust Question-Expansion Argument the Argument of George III. BARNESVILLE, GA., July 4.-Hon. William J. Bryan addressed the Barnesville Chautauqua here to-day. The crowd

was large, and his reception enthusiastic. Mr. Bryan was introduced by Hon. Clark Howell, editor of the Atlanta Constitution, and member of the National Demo cratic Committee from Georgia. Mr. Bryan spoke of the celebration of

to-day, which was more general in all parts of the country than ever before and referred to the part the South had shared with the North in sending men to war against Spain. He claimed only one purpose, and that was to find out what was best for this country. It was impossible, he said, to discuss public as a non-partisan. He was again willing to place the issues before the country on the plans laid down by Thomas Jef-THE TRUST QUESTION.

Mr. Bryan paid his respects to the Re-Mr. Bryan paid his respects to the Re-publican party as the protector of trusts. "The trust question is growing in im-portance," said Mr. Bryan, "and this is due to the great number of trusts now in existence. The trusts of this country now have a capitalization equal to all the gold and silver money of the world. The principle itself is wrong, to say nothing of the extortion." of the extortion

In closing the speaker took a decided stand against expansion. Mr. Bryan said: A NEW DEPARTURE.

deck-Rousseau, the French Premier, and M. Delcasse, the French Minister of Foreign Affairs, expressing their regret at not being able to be present.

After a brief speech of welcome, in the course of which he referred to the efforts of the American Chamber of Commerce in Paris on behalf of the reciprocity treaty between the United States and France, Mr. Peartree, after the health of President McKinley had been drunk, pro-Bible in one hand and the gun in the other. Thank God, I am not in favor of this way of Christianizing. We shall not depart from a republican form of govern-ment. We are not ready to accept the doctrine of conquest and force. It is not the desire of the Republicans to do good, but it is the desire to gain more more that lies behind their Colonial policy. GUEST OF ATLANTIANS.

ATLANTA, GA., July 4.—The Young Men's Democratic League, of Atlanta, had for its guest at the Kimball House to-night the Hon. W. J. Bryan. About 100 people partook of the banquet.

Among the speakers of the evening were Clark Howell, who responded to the sentiment "The National Democrat," and Congressmen L. F. Lavingston, who re-Congressman L. F. Livingston, who responded to "The Fifth District."

The speaking did not begin until 10 o'clock, and Mr. Bryan's address was the last of the evening. He spoke particularly on the patrictic sentiments of the day. As he neared the end of his speech. Mr. Bryan emphasized the fact that the money question would not be lost sight of in the coming campaign. He said furplaces in the struggle, and that the im-portance of these topics was gaining ground dally.

QUESTION OF HIS NOMINATION. "Whether I am nominated or not in 1900 is immaterial to me," said Mr. Bryan. "Whether I shall ever again be a candidate for any office depends on circumstances. I don't want to be a candidate for President unless these who

dicate for President unless those who think as I do believe that I can do more think as I do believe that I can do more for the principles of the party, already adopted, than any one eise. I would rather help somebody else than be the cause of the party's defeat.

"If the Democratic party wants some-body to lead a retreat, they must find some one accustomed to walking backwards. The Democratic party will weaken on the money question, and the question of imperialism will bring more votes out or the Republican party in the coming campaign than in any paign since the last canvass of Abraham NO PREFERENCE AS TO CONVEN-

TION CITY. At the close of the banquet Mr. Bryan

stated to the representative of the Asso-clated Press that he had no preference for the place of holding the next conver tion. He will be entirely satisfied with whatever action the Democratic Executive Committee may take in the matter. Bryan leaves early to-morrow morning for Gainesville, where he will address the Chautauqua.

#### GENERAL WALKER'S TRIAL. Second Day's Proceedings - Hamil-

ton on the Stand. BRISTOL, TENN., July 4 .- (Special.)-

The second day of the Walker trial was concluded at 6 o'clock this evening, and an adjournment taken until to-morrow an adjournment taken until to-morrow morning. Lawyer W. S. Hamilton was the first witness introduced by the Commonwealth. He said that Walker was cross-examining Witness George Steffner on the night of the shooting, and that Steffner said he knew of two Walker's mountains. One was two miles from town, and the other in the contest. All present laughed at the jest, but Walker said anybody could act the d-n fool. Witness

# Selling Out All the Stock.

Notice given to the owner of

## our store that we will vacate. Come! Come!! Come!!!

DRESS GOODS, in Black and Colors; ORGANDIES

DIMITIES, LADIES AND MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

ERY, SHIRT-WAISTS, SEPARATE SKIRTS, MEN'S SHIRTS. HOSIERY

BOYS' SHIRTS, CARPETS, RUGS, MATTINGS, BOOKS, ETC. Cord Velvet Skirt Binding, 2c. yard. Boys' 50c. Percale Laundered Shirts, sizes 12 to 14, 25c. each.

Ladies' Black Silk UNDERSHIRTS, were \$1 at 25c. each. Ladies' Shirt-Waisis, were 28c. to \$1.50.

Men's 19c. Imported Seamless Socks,

\$1.50 Umbrellas at 87c, each. SIGN OF THE RED FLAG."

#### MEYER SYCLE, 103 East Broad St., Next Corner First,

asked Walker if he meant to say he was a fool. Walker said he was not afraid to call him a fool. Some other remarks brought on a squabble. He took a seat opposite Walker, and Walker said: "Now if you get sober counsel I'll proceed taking depositions, but I'll be d-d if I go any further with this d-d drunken sot as a lawyer." Witness said to Walker: "If you mean to say I am drunk you are a d-d liar." Walker shot him immediately. He (witness) was in a sitting position, and became dazed, and could not sition, and became dazed, and could not anything that happened after-Hamilton said further he had sken two or three drinks that evening,

but was not drupk.

G. E. Davis, M. B. Owen, and J. A. Stone, Clerk of the Corporation and Circuit Courts, were then introduced by the Commonwealth. Their testimony did not vary from Hamilton's in the main, Davis could be about Walker because he turned said he shot Walker because he turned on him with a smoking pistol in his hand. Owen said that the only pistols he saw were those of Walker and Davis. Stone said he was not armed, and that he searched Hamilton just after he was

shot, and found him unarmed. Colonel Fulkerson, counsel for the pri-soner, asked Stone what Hamilton meant soner, asked Sione what Hamilton meant by saying to Walker, "You threw rocks at Stenewall Jackson, and would rob the grave of the dead, d—n you." Witness-said he presumed he meant that any man who would throw rocks at Stonewall Jackson would rob the grave of the dead, Judge Rhea is the only other eye-wit-ness for the Commonwealth who has not ness for the Commonwealth who has not testified. He will probably take the stand

#### THE BELGIAN TROUBLES.

A Temporary Solution Believed to Have Been Reached.

BRUSSELS, July 4.-The members of the Right in the Chambers have unaninously agreed to the government's proposal referring the electoral bills to a ommittee of all parties. The Left has ilso assented, with a resolution limiting the time of the committee's deliberations. It is believed this will solve the trouble

ANTI-GOVERNMENT OUTBURST,

ANTWERP, July 4-At a meeting of the Provisional Council to-day, a coun-cilior belonging to the Left proposed a resolution in favor of the rejection of the new electoral bill. A Rightist councillo protested that the resolution was a cen sure of the government. The remark was the signal for an uproarious outburst in the public galleries, where there were shouts of "Down with the government,"
"Down with the thieves," and "Down with the priests," and the "Marseillaise"

GOVERNMENT STILL CONCILIATORY BRUSSELS, July 4.-In the Chamber of Deputies M. Van den Pereboom, at the opening of the session, reiterated the government's strong desire to affect a conliation and pacify the public mind. He

"The government considers that there is ground for entertaining the counter-electoral proposals proposed by various members, and submitting them to a committee in which all parties will be repre sented. The government, in the mean time, is prepared to consider the neceseary steps to accomplish the desired un-

M. Van der Velde supported the minis-terial proposal, which, he declared, was equivalent to a withdrawal of the govnment's scheme.

#### FRENCH PARLIAMENT PROROGUED, Debate on Workmen's Wage Bill Not Permitted.

PARIS, July 4.-In the Chamber of Deputies to-day M. Paul Beauregard (Republican), representing one of the districts of the Seine, submitted his promised interpellation on the subject of the bill dealing with workmen's wages and the

He disputed the right of M. Millerand (Socialist), Minister of Commerce, to deal with the matter by decree, as he proposed to do, until the next se

posed to do, until the next session.

The speaker was loudly innerrupted by members of the extreme Lett.

M. Millerand, in replying, disclaimed all intention on the part of the sovernment to curtail the rights of Parliament.

Other deputies desired to debate the matter, but the Premier, M. Waldeck-Rousseau, declined to consent to this, and the Chamber upheld him by a vote of 238 to 186.

DIAMONDS IN HIS TEETH,

# Husband's Alleged Extravagance

Figures in a Domestic Lawsuit. READING, PA., July 4.-A sensational desertion case was concluded here yes-

terday. Mrs. Ruth Tragle, daughter of the late J. H. Carpenter, founder of the Carpenter Steel-Works, charged her husband. W. Irving Tragle, with desertion. Mr. Tragle alleged misconduct on the part of his wife and extravagance. Mrs. Tragle retorted that all the extravagance characterizing the family marked the husband's course of living, and that he husband's course of living, and that he carried his extravagance to the extent of wearing diamonds set in his front teeth. The Court's attention was directed to the "sparklers" in Tragle's teeth, and the "sparklers" in Tragle's teeth, and women with the diamonds in his teeth the attorney for the wife asserted that the husband hypnotized and dazzled other women with the diamonds in his teenth and winning ways. Mrs. Tragle was awarded \$8 a week for her support. A divorce suit will follow.

## ANOTHER FLOOD DISASTER,

Texas Town Inundated-Hundreds of Lives in Danger,

ST. LOUIS, MO., July 4-A special to the Republic from Dalias says: Another flood disaster, which, from the first bulletin received here to-night, appears to be worse than that at Calvert on Friday and Saturday last, occurred in the Brazos river, about 100 miles down the river from Calvert. Alarming reports are coming in

from La Grange and Seley of loss of life at Brookshire.

Chief-Lineman Lowry, of the Postal Telegraph Company, to-night made the following statement over the long-distance telephone from Seley, 250 miles south of Ballas: "The Brazos river here is more than five miles wide, and the waters are lashing furiously. I reached Seley to-night in a small boat, after spending last night on the island, four miles from here. The big bridge of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railroad at Dewey is as good as ruined. It is covered with water, and the centre span is 6 inches out of line. The entire structure is likely to go at any moment.

inches out of line. The entire structure is likely to go at any moment.

"If boats and special truins from Houston or other points have not reached Brookshire, they are too late. The people, I fear, will be drowned before they can be reached. This afternoon there were from 300 to 400 persons on a small island near Brookshire, and the water was rapidly rising. I fear they are drowned by this time, as they had not the slightest means of escape.

"The river here to-night is 6 feet higher than in 1885, which was the record up to the present. The damage to property is enormous."

JAW PUT OUT IF SHE SCOLDS. She's Been to the Hospital Seven Times in Six Weeks.

(New York Sun.) Mrs. Mary Palitzo has been in the Harlem Hospital seven times in the last six weeks for treatment for a distocated jaw. Her husband, Frederick, is a clerk, and

Her husband, Frederick, is a clerk, and they live in Härlem. Six weeks ago he appeared at Harlem Hospital with his wife and told his story.

"I was out last night," he said, while Mrs. Palitzso, who was speechless, glared at him, "and when I came home early this morning my wife began to scold me. She got to talking so fast that presently something snapped, and she found that she could not talk any more. I don't know what is the matter."

Dr. Meassey examined the woman and

know what is the matter."

Dr. Meassey examined the woman and found that the jaw has been dislocated. He coaxed it back into place. Just one week later Palitzo appeared at the hospital with his wife again. Her jaw was again out of working order, and he was asked what was the matter.

"We had a quarrel about a show we saw and she got speechless again. That's all," was all that he had to say.

Dr. Meassey readjusted the jaw and Mrs. Pallizo went away with her husband, talking as well as ever. Four times more Palitzo called at the hospital with his wife, and each time she was in the same fix. Last night they appeared again, and then Dr. Meassey lost patience.

"You'll have to quit soiding your husband, madam," said he, "or you will have to go to some other hospital. I have used every remedy I know, but I can't fix your jaw."

Mrs. Palitzo looked as if she had some-

yaw."

Mrs. Palitzo looked as if she had something to say, but it ended there, for Dr. Meassey had not yet got in his work. The jaw was adjusted again, and the Doctor didn't want to hear any results.

ARBITRATION TO BE OPTIONAL. That is, Except in Case of Conventions Between Powers.

THE HAGUE, July 4.-At a meeting today of the Arbitration Committee, the question whether arbitration should be obligatory or optional was raised, and drew a declaration from the teader of the German delegation that he had received formal instructions not to accept the prin-ciple of obligatory arbitration otherwise than by special convention. In view of this statement Article X, of the Russian proposed, was study and the statement article X. this statement Article A. of the Arbitration proposal was struck out and replaced by a provision declaring that arbitration should be optional, except in the case of conventions between the Powers. All the delegates adhered to this, M. Bourgeois, lead of the French delegation, declaring he accepted it only as a compromise.

#### RIOTING AT BARCELONA RESUMED. Stores Closed-The Street-

Service Suspended. BARCELONA, July 4.- The disturbance were resumed here this morning. stores were compelled to close and the horse-car service was suspended. As the pany, it is reported that diplomatic rep-resentations will be made to the govern-ment on the subject of the gamage sus-tained.

## THE SPANISH RIOTING.

Tax Offices Set on Fire-A Too-Pat-

triotic Frenchman Injured. MADRID, July 4.-At Allcante to-day, refused to close. The octrol offices were

set on fire by the rioters. During a cavalry charge at Valencia a Frenchman, who attempted to raise a French flag at a window, was injured.

SCRANTON CLUB DISBANDS. Poor Patropage Forces It Out of the

Ball Field. SCRANTON, PA., July 4.-The Scranton Base-Ball Association of the Atlantic League disbanded to-night. Poor patronage is the cause. The players were released and allowed to hustle for them-

## The Russian Bastile.

The Russian Bastile.

(Kropotkin, in the Atlantic.)

This was, then, the terrible fortress where so much of the true strength of Russia had perished during the last two centuries, and the very name of which is spoken in St. Petersburg in a hushed voice. Here Peter I, tortured his own son Alexis and killed him with his own hand; here the Princess Tarakanova was kept in a cell which filled with water during an inundation, the rats climbing upon her to save themselves from drowning; here the terrible Minich tortured his enemies and Catherine II, buried alive those who objected to her having murdered her husband. And from the times of Peter I, for 170 years in succession, the annals of this stone mass which rises from the Neva in front of the winter palace were annals of murder and torture, of men buried alive, condemned to a slow death, or brought to insanity in the loneliness of the dark and damp cungeons.

the loneliness of the dark and damp dungeons.

Here the Decembrists, who were the first to unfurl in Russia the banner of republican rule and the abolition of serf-dom, underwent their first experiences of martyrdom, and traces of them may still be found in the Russian Bastile. Here were imprisoned the poets Kyleeff and Shevchenko. Dostoevsky, Bakunin, Chernyshevsky, Pisareff, and so many others of our best writers. Here Karakozoff was tortured and hanged.

Here, somewhere in the Alexis ravelin, is still kept Nechayeff, who was given up to Russia by Switzerland as a commoniaw criminal, but is treated as a dangerous political prisoner, and will never again see the light. In the same ravelin are also two or three men whom rumor says Alexander II., because of what they know and others must not know about some palace mystery, ordered imprisoned for life. One of them, adorned with a long, gray beard, was lately seen by an acquaintance of mine in the mysterious fortress.

All these shadows rose before my imagi-

acquaintance of mine in the mysterious fortress. All these shadows rose before my imagination. But my thoughts fixed especially on Bakunin, who, though he had been kept in an Austrian fortress for two years, chained to the wall, after 1848, and then handed over to Nicholas I., who kept him here, yet came out, when the iron Czar's death released him after an eightyears' detention, fresher and fuller of vigor than his comrades who had remained at liberty. "He has lived it through," I said to myself, "and I must, too; I will not succumb here!"

## Death of Queen Kapiolani.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 4.—The steamship Coptic arrived late last night from
Hongkong and Yokohama via Honolulu.
She brings news of the death at Honolulu, on June 24th, of Dowager Queen
Kaplolani, widow of King Kaiakaua. Her death had been expected for
some time. She was 65 years old, was a
sufferer from cancer, and recently had a
stroke of paralysis. She was much esteemed in the islands, and her death was
sincerely mourned. Her remains lay in
state for eight days, and were buried with
impressive ceremonies.

Bears the Bignature of (my 14-Sun, W&F3%)

# Kautmann & Co. Rebuilding and Alteration Sale!

Crowd = Drawing Prices!

# Ladies' Golf Capes

One hundred and twenty-five New Golf Capes received Saturday, and offered this week at ONE-THIRD REAL VALUE. Come and see the coming fall styles. Second floor.

# Cowboy Hats at 59c.

TWENTY-FIVE Wide-Brim Rough Straw Cowboy or Golf Hats, prettily rimmed with silk scarf and ong quill, \$1 value, this 59c.

#### Dress Skirts.

A GOOD ADVICE—Buy white you can at such marvellous-money-saving prices as we now quote.

Another great sale—Ladies Linen Dress Skirts, elegantly made, with lapped seams and 5-inch hem, 50c.

Man-Tailored Linen Dress Skirts, extra quality, perfect hanging, worth \$1.50, this week 98c.

#### Fashionable Belts and Buckles.

Every fad known to Dame Fashion finds first showing here, and we announce the most complete and satisfactory stock of these goods in the South

TWO HUNDRED Ladies' Black Leather Belts, worth 3kc, resultding-sale price, this week 19c. FIVE HUNDRED Black and Colored Leather Belts, also Leather Belts inlaid with morre slits, "the latest," worth up to 65c., rebuilding-sale price, this week 25c.

building-sale price, this week
Entirely new-Ladies' Suede Belts,
very stylish for wear with outing
suits, colors Blacks. Tans, Gray,
Mode, or Brown, inlaid with cutsale price, only
Beaded Elastic Belts, in
S1.19
new designs

Beaded Belting studded et and beads, per

## MILLINERY SLAUGHTER.

Our entire wholesale stock now sold at retail at LESS than 30c, on the dollar, and ALL HATS TRIMMED FREE OF CHARGE.

KAUFMANN & CO., Fourth and Broad. immenonem i

# 1899 Sterling, Chainless.....\$65.00 1899 Sterling, Chain ..... \$40.00

Other lines at corresponding figures. We have a limited stock of wheels which we wish to close out at once, and in order to do so have determined to reduce prices. This only ap-

plies to present stock. Take your choice while they last. T. W. TIGNOR'S SONS,

1219 East Main Street.

### DISPATCH PRINTING HOUSE

We treat Printing as an Art. Our endeavor is to produce novel and striking effects by combining the finest type specimens, or artists' designs, with the latest material's furnished by the leading paper manufac-

We make a specialty of Commercial Work

and of Fine Printing generally. 2 2 2 PAMPHLETS UNIQUELY DISPLAYED

> PROFESSIONAL STATIONERY IN SUITABLE AND PREVAILING STYLES, COMMERCIAL PRINTING IN REFINED AND ARTISTIC FORMS.

All have the attention of experienced men, and we invite personal interviews or correspondence.

## SPECIAL PRICES ON ALL WORK DONE FOR CHURCHES. THE DISPATCH JOB OFFICE, RICHMOND, VA.

PINGREE'S POSITION. ministration in His Last Message.

(New York Tribune.)

It is fortunate-or, perhaps, Mr. Pingree will consider it unfortunate—that and, incidentally, their freedom, for the the newspapers are not reduced to the conquest of foreign lands and the fatnecessity of depending upon the reported tening of domestic monopolies. utterances of the Governor for the purpose of getting a correct notion as to what he may or may not think on any one subject, from the problem involving the quadrature of the circle to the difficulty of imbuing a potato-bug with the manners of a gentleman. He has written-and sometimes well-on a variety of subjects, and on none more clearly of with greater official solemnity than his relations to the administration at Wash ington. In his annual message to the Michigan State Legislature in January

last, on the eve of the election for sena-

tor, he wrote as follows:

"The present Legislature of this State should not only see to it that the Sena tor they elect to represent this State at Washington is fully impressed with the necessity of immediate and vigorous ac-tion on the subject of trusts and com-bines, but it should also memorialize Congress in the interest of such legislation. It would be a proper rebuke to this Republican administration, which, so far as I have been able to observe, has never yet taken the first step to correct this monstrous abuse. The administration is full of solicitude for the sufferings of the full of solicitude for the sufferings of the subjects of the Spanish monarchy, whether they live near our coasts or at the other side of the earth. It has much to say of "humanity" and its rights; but the humanity whih seems to command its greatest sympathy is that which is furthest away and with whose affairs it to security nothing or little to do inhas properly nothing or little to do un-der the Constitution. It is the humanity which occupies these States and territowhich occupies these states and territo-ries American humanity—which most in-terests me, and which should most in-terest the administration and Congress of the United States. Our own native humanity has much more to complain of than that of the Philippines or of Cuba. No Spanish official, from the time of Col-umbus to that of Weyler, ever saddled them with such monstrous wrongs as our own people are threatened with to-day from the trusts and combines end nonopolies upon which most of the great nen of the Republican party of this day ook with toleration, if not with sympa-

eager to redress the wrongs of all people

who live outside the United States, 1 being their well-defined purpose to div The Drubbing That He Gave the Ad- attention from the outrages committed against them. So far as the American people are concerned, this administration seems to look upon them as having ne rights except to lay down their lives,

Christian Endeavorers Gathering,

DETROIT, MICH., July 4.-More than a thousand Christian Endeavor delegates

arrived in Detroit this evening and morning. They are the forerunners of thou-sands of other Endeavorers now en route for the convention, which opens to-mor-The annual business meetings of the United Society of Christian Endeavor and the annual meeting of the Board of Trus-

tees of the United Society will be held to The first convention gathering will assemble in Tent Endeavor in the evening.

Died While in the Surf.

SAVANNAH, GA.. July 4.—James H. Barr, of Chattanooga, general counsel of the Chattanooga, Rome and Southern railway, died of apoplexy to-day while bathing in the surf at Cumberland Island. He was at the island with a party of friends from Chattanooga, and was apparently in the best of health. Took Half an Ounce of Laudanum

ounce of laudanum, apparently with sui-cidal intent.

Dt. Cunningham and Dr. Goode re-sponded to an ambulance call, and after nearly two hours' hard work had the

Death of Mrs. Ida L. Bruce Mrs. Ida Lipscomb Bruce died at 2 o'clock this morning at St. Luke's Home, 8he had been ill only a few days.

Mrs. Bruce was the wife of Mr. James H. Bruce. She was the daugnter of Mrs. V. C. Lipscomb and the granddaughter of the late Peter W. Grubbs, Esq. She leaves no children. Her husband, mother, and a sister, Mrs. A. E. Lloyd, of Durham, N. C., survive her. Arrangements for the funeral have not been announced.

the men who are most notorious as the heads of great monopolies seem to Wednesday morning. July 5, 1899, at be the most intimate friends of the prescent administration and to be the most H. Bruce.

This morning shortly after midnight William F. Crew, who resides at No. 1820 Venable street, swallowed half an

Crew is about 50 years of age, and is the head of a family. He is said to have been despondent for some time. He said